

Using the Alias Manager in 7.0



Introduction to Aliases

Phac Le Tuan Manager, Macintosh System Software

The Alias Manager

- The Impossible Dream
- The Good Old Friend
- Naming Is Knowing

The Key Issues

- Unix links
- The return link
- Real life metaphor

System 7.0 Uses the Alias Manager

- Finder Aliases
- Standard File
- Edition Manager
- AppleEvents

What's Important for You

- Use Alias records rather than File IDs
- Use Aliases for Application related files
- Use Standard File
- New opportunities



Uses of Aliases

Paul Hudspeth

Product Manager (as seen on TV)

Accessing Files from Multiple Places

- Better access to files
- Applications with auxilliary files
- Apple Menu Items folder
- Startup Items folder
- Control Panels and DAs

Organization of HFS volumes

- Aliases to containers act like containers
- Aliases to folders and trash
- Shortcut to folder hierarchy in Finder or StdFile

Aliases in the Edition Manager

• Tracks location of Edition files

Aliases to removable media

- Works on any ejectable media
- Backups
- Archiving
- Cataloging

Aliases on AFP Servers

- Centrally updated information
- Large files stored on servers
- Chaining aliases
- Aliases to network folders
- Aliases to server volumes
- Chooser alternative



Inside the Alias Manager

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What is the Alias Manager?

- Facility for tracking files and folders
- Intelligent pointers (alias records) to local and remote objects
- Automounts ejectable and network volumes
- Alias records are separate from catalog entries

Where Alias Manager is used

- Finder
 - Creates and stores alias records
 - Resolves alias when user opens alias icon
- Standard File
 - Resolves alias when user opens it
 - Target volume could be automounted

Where Alias Manager is used

- Edition Manager
 - Creates alias record to published edition
 - Locates edition for publisher and subscribers
- AppleEvents
 - Uses alias records to pass document references

When should you use Alias Manager?

- Whenever you store specific file or directory info such as pathname, filename, parent dirID, etc...
- Examples:
 - WP document and associated dictionary
 - Referencing files in shared folders

FileIDs and the Alias Manager

- Don't Use FileIDs to track files!
- Use PBHExchangeFiles when saving a file
- Implement FileIDs for external file systems
- Implementing non-Mac AFP servers

What's in an Alias Record?

- Target's volume name and creation date
- Target's name and File ID
- Parent name and dirID
- Target's creation date, type, and creator
- Volume mount info
- Other redundant info

Alias Manager Heuristics

- Identify the target volume
 - By same name, creation date, and type
 - By same creation date and type
 - Mount the volume

Alias Manager Heuristics

- Identify the target directly
 - By FileID
 - By name in original parent directory
 - By full pathname
 - By relative path

Alias Manager Heuristics

- Identify the target using exhaustive search
 - Use PBCatSearch by creation date, creator, type
 - If PBCatSearch not available, search volume recursively

- NewAlias
 - Creates new alias record for target
 - Allocates memory, stores alias info, returns handle to alias record

- ResolveAlias
 - High-level alias resolution
 - Locates the target object
 - Automounts volume, if necessary
 - Updates alias record, if necessary

MatchAlias

- Low-level alias resolution
- Application directed search for target
- Specifies search criterion
- Caller can filter returned objects
- Caller can terminate search
- Caller responsible for updating alias

- UpdateAlias
 - Updates alias record for a given target
 - Return flag specifies if alias record was changed

- GetAliasInfo
 - Returns info about the target
 - Target name and parent names
 - Target volume name
 - Zone and server name for AFP volumes
 - Returned results may not be current



A REAL use for Aliases !



Q&A